Family Medicine Clerkship Goals and Objectives

Goal	Objective
Enhance and refine data collection, problem solving and critical thinking skills.	1.1a. Given the performance of a clinical encounter, the LWBAT with >80% accuracy perform a focused physical exam. 1.1b. Given the performance of a clinical encounter, the LWBAT with >80 % accuracy complete a complete physical examination. 1.2. Given the results of a patient encounter, the LWBAT generate at >80% accuracy, a diagnosis and treatment plan using evidence based medicine and the whole person concept. 1.3a. Given the results of a patient encounter, the LWBAT present with >80 % accuracy the history and physical exam findings and diagnosis and treatment plan for the patient. 1.3b. Given the results of a patient encounter, the LWBAT record within the medical record with 80% accuracy the findings of the history and physical examination, as well as the diagnosis and treatment plan for the patient. 1.4. Given the results of a patient encounter, the LWBAT with 80% accuracy present pertinent information and education to patients that is patient centered and at the appropriate level of healthcare literacy for the patient. 1.5. Given the results of a patient encounter for a musculoskeletal problem, the LWBAT with >80% accuracy perform appropriate physical examination of the upper or lower extremity, or the spine; and differentiate between sprains, strains, fractures, inflammatory or degenerative processes affecting the musculoskeletal system. 1.6. Given the results of a patient encounter involving the skin, the LWBAT with > 80% accuracy perform appropriate examination and assessment of an integumentary problem. 1.7. Given a patient encounter for a patient in crisis, the LWBAT initiate appropriate initial patient care 100% of the time to improve patient outcome. 1.8. Given a patient encounter that exceeds the capabilities of the student and preceptor; the student will suggest appropriate consultation or referral options with 90% accuracy. 1.9. Given a patient with an oral complaint, the LWBAT generate a plan to address the oral complaint or diagnosis that addresses the impact this has on the patient's
2. Learn principles and interventions for Health Promotion and Disease Prevention that are maximally conducive to good health	 2.1. Given access to patients who need wellness advice, the LWBAT choose to include Wellness in patient treatment plans 80% of the time 2.2. Given a patient encounter where health promotion and disease prevention recommendations would be appropriate; and for presentation, the LWBAT present the primary, and secondary health promotion and disease prevention recommendations as defined by USPSTF for that age and gender group when appropriate. 2.3. Given a patient encounter, and presentation where health screening should be recommended the LWBAT present recommended screenings for that patient based on risk factors for the patient with 80% accuracy 2.4. Given access to patients in need of lifestyle modification, LWBAT choose to use the "stages of change" model and motivational interviewing to encourage lifestyle changes to support wellness 80% of the time. 2.5. Given the results of a patient encounter, the LWBAT present pertinent information and education related to health promotion and disease prevention that is patient centered and at the appropriate level of healthcare literacy with 80% accuracy. (1.4 applied to HPDP) 2.6a. Given access to patient populations, LWBAT identify at-risk and underserved and their healthcare needs 80% of the time. 2.6b. Given access to patients whose primary language is not English, LWBAT choose to ask for and use an interpreter 100% of the time if it is necessary for that patient.

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3. Learn about health-care resources or challenges in your community	3.1. Given access to patients in the community, the LWBAT generate a plan that takes into account healthcare resources and challenges 80% of the time.
4. Recognize the social determinants of health and the reciprocal impact, on patients and their families; and of family, community, and culture on perception and reception of health care.	 4.1a. Given a patient encounter, LWBAT incorporate the family and support system into the patient treatment plans and education, 80% of the time. 4.1b. Given a patient encounter, LWBAT incorporate the cultural beliefs into the patient treatment plans and education 80% of the time. 4.2. Given a patient encounter, the LWBAT address differences in cultural beliefs that impact healthcare outcomes 80% of the time. 4.3. Given a patient encounter, the LWBAT choose to prioritize patient care when faced with conflicts with their own cultural beliefs and biases with 80% accuracy. 4.4a. Given a patient encounter that identifies a patient who is part of an underserved or vulnerable population, the LWBAT generate a treatment plan that addresses specific access and healthcare needs for the patient 80% of the time. *4.4b. Given a patient encounter in a rural setting, the LWBAT understand the differences in healthcare outcome based on geography, and choose to create treatment plans that address rural health disparities 80 % of the time.
5. Develop an awareness of personal strengths, interests, and limitations.	5.1. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT demonstrate knowledge and comfort assessing patient problems 80% of the time. 5.2. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT demonstrate comfort with basic clinical skills 80% of the time 5.3. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT demonstrate maturity in interpersonal relationships and personal values 100% of the time. 5.4. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT adhere to principles of medical ethics 100% of the time. 5.5. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT choose to respect the rights of patients 100% of the time. 5.6. Given a patient encounter the LWBAT to classify the role of family physicians within any health care system with 90% accuracy.
6. Understand the biomedical scientific basis for clinical care decision making.	 6.1. Given a patient encounter, the LWBAT demonstrate the ability to translate basic biomedical science principles into clinical care of patients with 80% accuracy. 6.1a. Given a patient musculoskeletal encounter, involving the rotator cuff, the LWBAT demonstrate the ability to translate basic biomedical science principals of shoulder anatomy into clinical care of the patient with 80% accuracy. 6.1b. Given a patient encounter for dermatology with melanoma, the LWBAT demonstrate the ability to translate basic biomedical science principles of melanoma spread into clinical care of the patient with 80% accuracy. 6.1c. Given a patient encounter with an upper respiratory infection, the LWBAT demonstrate the ability to translate basic biomedical science principles into clinical care of patients with 80% accuracy.